

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME VII.

MAYSVILLE, KY. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1888.

NUMBER 62.

WOMEN

Nothing renewed strength, or who suffer from infirmities peculiar to their sex, should try



This medicine combines Iron with pure vegetable tinctures, and is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who are subject to Headaches, Rheumatism, and Pains in the Blood, Stimulates the Appetite, Strengthens the Muscles and Nerves—in fact, thoroughly Invigorates.

It does not blister, the teeth cause headache, or produce constipation—all other Iron medicines do.

Mrs. ELIZABETH BAIRD, 74 Farwell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., says, under date of Dec. 26th, 1887:

"I have suffered more misery from nothing except Brown's Iron Bitters."

Genuine has about The Milk and crossed red lines.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION.

DENNIS KEARNEY SPEAKS SUPPORTING THE CUMMINGS BILL.

His Plea in Behalf of the Children of San Francisco—Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, Something Irritates the Californian—Sioux Reservation Bill—Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Dennis Kearney, of San Francisco, talked to the house committee on foreign affairs an hour this morning in support of the Cummings bill prohibiting Chinese immigration. He decided that there would be nothing for the 73,000 children in the San Francisco schools to do if something was not done to stop the inflow of Chinese, as no white person will learn trade followed by a Chinaman. Mr. Kearney displayed a map of Chinatown, in the heart of San Francisco, and pictured the manner in which the inhabitants of that quarter burrowed into the ground, existed in filth and spread disease, degradation and squalor, driving out all decent white people.

He said that in nine blocks in Chinatown there were sixty-seven houses of prostitution, 150 gambling dens and opium resorts innumerable. During his argument Mr. Kearney became very earnest in his denunciations of the Chinese and almost violent against those who opposed absolute prohibition of immigration, and Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, a member of the committee, put a number of questions which tended to irritate the speaker to an almost uncontrollable degree.

Mr. Hitt does not believe in extreme legislation on the subject of immigration, and hence opened the flood-gates of wrath upon the port of Mr. Kearney, who declared that he would go into the district of the Illinois member in the approaching campaign and make Mr. Hitt's constituents pelt their representative in congress with dead cats, snakes and baked snails, which the Californian declared Mr. Hitt would have his constituents feed upon. Mr. Kearney will ask for a hearing before the senate committee on foreign relations on the same subject.

The Sioux Reservation Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Ex-Delegate Frank Pettigrew, of Sioux Falls, Dak., who has been in the city some time, looking after the bills opening to settlement the Sioux Indian reservation, and dividing Dakota Territory on an east and west line, admitting the southern half to statehood, under the name of South Dakota, and making a territory of the northern half to be known as Dakota, said to a United Press reporter to-day, that so far as the Sioux reservation bill was concerned the outlook could not be more hopeful for speedy action.

The senate committee on Indian affairs has had the bill ready for reporting unanimously for nearly a month. The bill which has been acted upon by this committee provides for the opening of the reservation to settlement, but requires a ratification of the treaty by three-fourths of the Indians on the reservation. The house committee on Indian affairs will report the bill unanimously and favorably to-morrow.

The bill to be reported by this committee is identical to the one of the senate, with the exception that it opens the reservation to settlement absolutely without any negotiation with the Indians. Mr. Pettigrew thinks the house bill will be acted upon within two or three weeks, and that it will be substituted by the senate. He has very little hope of the statehood bill receiving consideration in the house at any time, but believes that if it could be brought fairly before the house it would receive a majority support.

Revising the Rules.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The civil service commissioners have now before them the fifth revision of the rules. They are making the revision with great care, so that no corrections will be necessary after their work receives the approval of the president. Five times have they thought their work done, but after an examination of the proof sheets received from the public printer on each of the five occasions, it was found that there was room for further revision. As Commissioner Edgerton expresses it, the commission is now listening to the fifth ringing of the first bell. The commissioners hope that it will not be necessary to run off many more proofs, and that they can have the revised rules ready for the consideration of the president within a few weeks.

No Free Trade in Theirs.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 3.—The Manufacturers' Record for this week will publish a special issue devoted to the cotton manufacturing interests of the south, having compiled its information through direct correspondence with every cotton mill in that section. The number of cotton mills south of the Ohio river, and including Maryland and Virginia, in 1880 was 179, with 713,989 spindles and 15,223 looms. On the 1st of January, 1888, in the same territory, there were 294 mills, with 1,485,145 spindles and 34,906 looms. These figures show an increase of over 100 per cent.

The senate has decided by a vote of 38 to 25 that when it adjourns it be until Monday.

Carlisle Back in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Speaker Carlisle was at his room in the capital today, but did not occupy the chair. He was called upon by a great many members. "I have been thinking seriously about the committee to investigate the Reading strike," he said, "and to the best of my ability, I will select the best qualified and most honorable members for an arduous task."

Trusts to be Tackled Next Week.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—It is now probable that the proposed investigation of trusts and other combinations which the house committee on manufactures has been authorized to proceed with, will begin some time during next week.

Will Hang March 30.

DECATUR, Ill., Feb. 3.—William Westbrook, convicted last week of murdering William Gross at Blue Mound last July, was refused a new trial yesterday by Judge C. B. Smith and sentenced to be hanged Friday, March 30. Westbrook is twenty-two years old. He stabbed Gross in an altercation after having written Gross a blackmailing letter.

Nitrous-oxide, or laughing gas used for the painless extraction of teeth. Office on Court Street.

spidly

THE MERCED CANAL.

The Stupendous Piece of Engineering Completed and Formally Opened.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—The great Merced irrigation canal was formally opened yesterday in the presence of Governor Waterman and many distinguished guests. The oration was delivered by the Hon. J. W. Breckenridge. The ceremonies took place five and a half miles from the city of Merced where the floodgate was opened and the valley for a mile square converted into a sheet of water named Lake Yosemite. The canal was begun five years ago by Charles Crocker of railroad fame and C. H. Huffman, a wealthy wheat grower, and their sons. It cost \$1,500,000. It is twenty-seven miles long, one hundred feet wide at the top, seventy at the bottom, and ten feet deep. It will irrigate 300,000 acres of the most fertile land in California. It receives an inexhaustible supply of water from the Merced river flowing through the Yosemite valley, which is supplied by the eternal snows of the Sierras.

At a point two miles below the falls, at Merced, an immense dam raises the stream ten feet above its normal level. The great engineering features of the work are two tunnels, one 4,400 feet long, driven through the hill of solid rock, no supports being necessary; the other 3,000 feet long, faced with the timbers. The dam across the small valley near Merced, constructed to form a reservoir, is 4,000 feet long, 275 feet wide and fifty-four high. The level of the reservoir is ninety feet above the city of Merced. Water will be conveyed there in large pipes. It is believed the fall will be sufficient to run by water power the mills and other manufacturing enterprises. Colonies will be settled along the line of the canal, which is by all odds the most important enterprise of a similar character ever carried to a successful termination in the state, if not in the United States.

Ohio Legislature.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 3.—Yesterday the following bills were passed in the senate: Requiring banks and other institutions to keep a record of unknown depositors; giving mayors and justices of the peace jurisdiction in food adulterations. Resolutions adopted: Relative to the control of funds for the agricultural experiment station; to ascertain the practicability of a ship canal.

To-day the judiciary committee reported a substitute for Beatty's local option bill, which differs from it in two important particulars. It provides that one-fourth the voters of a township, exclusive of those residing in municipalities, may petition the township trustees for a local option special election. Beatty's bill does not require special elections nor does it give voters of townships residing outside of municipal corporations the right to vote on local option outside the corporation limits. The substitute was made the special order for next Thursday.

Yesterday the house bills were passed fixing the salary of the director of the agricultural experiment station; requiring clerks of courts to make prompt returns of certificates of election; amending the act relative to cases before justices; making appropriations for support of the common schools. A bill was introduced requiring penitentiary made goods to be branded.

To-day there was lots of fun in the house over the bill to kill ground hogs. This is ground hog day and Dr. Holcomb, the author of the bill, made a funny speech, and was interrupted by mischievous members with impudent questions. The house was in an uproar for half an hour.

More temperance petitions were thrown into the senate with the usual endorsement concurring them in the interest of Barnes & Company; also a protest against any effort to prevent the passage of the Barrett temperance educational bill by any of book, job or intimidation.

The bill creating a solicitor to the board of education, passed the senate.

The Cause of the St. Louis Ice Gorge.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 3.—The Republican, in a series of interviews with captains of the Missouri Pacific ferryboats, charges these men with deliberately forming the ice gorge, which threatened \$1,000,000 worth of property, and destroyed from \$60,000 to \$100,000 worth. Capt. Sefar, of the Missouri, is reported as saying that he and Capt. Sealers, of the Pacific, laid broadside with their boats in the narrow channel, thus stopping the fine ice. As it was a cold night the fine ice soon froze solid and the channel was closed. Other river men verify Sealers' statements, and while it is admitted that the river was deliberately gorged, they say it was simply for self-protection.

No Free Trade in Theirs.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 3.—The Manufacturers' Record for this week will publish a special issue devoted to the cotton manufacturing interests of the south, having compiled its information through direct correspondence with every cotton mill in that section.

The number of cotton mills south of the Ohio river, and including Maryland and Virginia, in 1880 was 179, with 713,989 spindles and 15,223 looms. On the 1st of January, 1888, in the same territory, there were 294 mills, with 1,485,145 spindles and 34,906 looms. These figures show an increase of over 100 per cent.

Big Gasser at New Bremen.

NEW BREMEN, O., Feb. 3.—One of the largest gas wells that has yet been developed in the New Bremen field was drilled in Wednesday by the Lima Drilling company. The well is located about three miles northwest of town. The escaping gas can be heard very plainly several miles distant.

The Twelfth Juror Secured.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 3.—The twelfth juror for the second trial of Ebenezer Standish, for the murder of Alice Hancock was secured at noon to-day. Ten days have elapsed in securing a jury, and over four hundred persons have been examined.

Goes to the Jury Friday.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 3.—Mr. Bateman's argument in the Hopkins case occupied the whole of the morning session. Mr. Burnet, who follows, will not conclude his speech before Friday morning. The case will go to the jury Friday.

Wall Paper Fire.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 3.—The store room at No. 414 Wood street, occupied by Fuzy & Kerr, wholesale dealers in wall paper, was burned out between 9 and 10 o'clock this morning. Loss \$8,000. Insured.

CINCINNATI SHOEMAKERS.

A LOCKOUT DECLARED WHICH WILL EFFECT 6,000 MEN.

The Strikers and Those Locked Out Hold a Meeting—The Increase in the Ranks of the Knights—Five Hundred Lumbermen Discharged—Reading Troubles.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 3.—The Shoe Manufacturers' association, embracing the following firms have declared a lockout: Stribley & Company, Krippendorf, Dittman & Company, W. L. Thom & Company, George Hocker & Company, Maloney Brothers, Cosgrove Shoe Manufacturing company, Stranger & Boyd, Buesching & Brother, Hart, Mead & Company and Alter Touvard & Company.

Said William Cosgrove, of the Cosgrove Shoe Manufacturing company, to a reporter:

"This will throw out of work about 3,000 shoemakers and fully as many more employees who are indirectly identified with the trade."

The trouble originated in Blacker, Gerstle & Company's factory. Last Saturday several girls had their salaries docked for sums claimed to have been overpaid for work, including the careless marking of piece work last November.

The girls who had been docked quit work Saturday evening, but a bevy of new-comers appeared Monday morning to fill the vacancies.

A committee of three girls and as many lasters at once called on Mr. Blacker, and threatened a general strike should the new girls be put to work. A meeting was called at noon, and an hour later the whole shop, numbering between 450 and 500, went out. This, the manufacturers claim, was in direct violation of an agreement between them and the executive board of District Assembly No. 48, Knights of Labor, which provided that no strike or lockout should occur during the pending of any question, and that there should be no meeting of knights during working hours.

The manufacturers called on the executive committee, Knights of Labor, Monday evening to have the agreement enforced. The board took the motion under consideration, but failing to give a satisfactory answer by Tuesday evening, the manufacturers held a meeting Wednesday noon and declared a general lockout. The striking and locked out shoeworkers held a meeting at Workmen's hall at 10 a. m. to discuss the situation.

There was an attendance of over one thousand. The executive committee of one member from each shoeworkers' assembly held a secret conference and resolved to resist the lockout. They claim the Manufacturers' association violated their agreement first by refusing to receive a committee after working hours, and that the employees were in the right and violated no agreement in striking after that. The trouble seems to be that the manufacturers attempted to ignore the Knights of Labor, and treat individually with their employees.

District Master Workman Cavanaugh when seen said that he could say nothing yet. At the various shops this morning there was little going on, and the indications are that the lockout will be long and stubborn.

At 11:30 the executive committee, after being out one hour, returned to the general meeting. A call to order was followed by the election of Michael Donegan, president, and James Stevenson, secretary. The meeting was very enthusiastic. The principal discussion was on a proposed new set of rules which would end the lockout and obviate trouble in the future.

Locomotive Engineers.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—A most important session of delegates of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers was begun in Room 42, of the guard house yesterday. The delegates represented all the lodges on the line of the Pennsylvania railway, east of Pittsburgh and number between twenty and thirty. There were delegates present from Pittsburg, Allegheny, Altoona, Harrisburg, Columbia, Jersey City, Trenton, Baltimore, Camden, N. J., Wilmington, Del., and other points.

The object of the convention, it was learned, was to consider a bill of grievances which the engineers desired to lay before the Pennsylvania officials. There are several things to be considered, which it is understood, involve an advance of about 10 per cent. on the wages paid at present. The demand is in accord, as nearly as possible, with that already formulated by the members of the brotherhood on the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg.

The demand, it is stated, has already been forwarded to the Pennsylvania officials in this city, and a copy is now in the hands of Chief Arthur of the brotherhood. A delegate said last night:

"Within the next few days a committee will go to the Pennsylvania office on Fourth street with a demand. What it will be I cannot say."

After the Reading People.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 3.—Argument will be heard before the attorney general here to-day upon the application of the special committee of the Knights of Labor for the issuance of a writ of quo warranto against the Philadelphia & Reading railroad for a forfeiture of its charter.

The application is an outgrowth of the present strike, and is based upon the allegation that the corporation has forfeited its charter by violating the state constitution by engaging in the business of mining coal. The committee has made affidavit that they have positive knowledge that the Reading railroad and the Reading Coal and Iron company are one and the same, and that the debts of the one are paid by the other.

Corporations and Syndicates Must Go.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—The official utterance of the order of Knights of Labor upon the condition of the Reading strike will be published in the coming issue of the Journal of United Labor, saying:

"It is a hard battle and the victory may be long in the future, but the country is awakening to the danger that threatens the liberties of the people. Corporations and syndicates are doomed. It is but a question of time, and that not very far off. This strife is opening the way for the government control of the railroads. Right will triumph in the end. It is through turmoil, strife and suffering that great principles are established."

A Ten Per Cent. Reduction.

JOHNSTON, Pa., Feb. 3.—The 10 per cent. reduction in wages at the Cambria iron works has gone into effect, being accepted in all departments except the wire mill. These men are still considering the proposed reduction, but no trouble is anticipated by the company. Over ten thousand employees are affected by the reduction.

Knights Increasing in Numbers.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—The general executive board of the Knights of Labor have made their reports for the January term relative to the membership of the various assemblies throughout the country. It is said that when the footings are made up the order will show an increase of over fifty thousand members. In this state the report states that the increase has been more noticeable. In New York, Massachusetts and New Jersey the decrease has been marked, but the report says it is less than was anticipated. In the western and southern states the Knights of Labor have grown rapidly.

Five Hundred Men Discharged.

CHEYEGGAN, Mich., Feb. 3.—Five hundred men are said to have been discharged from the several cedar camps near the Schneaux, this side of Prentiss bay, and the camps have closed up because it was unprofitable on account of the deep snow to keep them running. Supplies are insufficient in the immediate vicinity to provide for them long, and the towns will have to provide for them if they fail to procure work or they must suffer.

Resume Work at the Reduction.

DUNBAR, Pa., Feb. 3.—After a strike against a general reduction of 10 per cent. in wages, lasting thirty days, the 500 employees of the Dunbar Furnace company went to work last night at the company's terms.

Petitions for Joe Mackin.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Mrs. Joseph C. Mackin, the wife of the celebrated ballot box stuffer, now serving a sentence in Joliet penitentiary for perjury, is in Springfield, and will at the first opportunity present to Governor Oglesby petitions and letters praying for the pardon of her husband. Mrs. Mackin has letters from District United States Judge Blodgett, Judge Tuttle, who, while district attorney, prosecuted Mackin; Judge Moran, who tried and convicted him in the state court on the perjury charge; Mayor Roche, Judge Grinnell, who as state attorney, prosecuted Mackin for perjury

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered to any part of the city at 6 cents a week, or one year for \$3.

THE DAILY BULLETIN to any postoffice in the United States, postage prepaid, at twenty-five cents per month or three dollars per year.

FRIDAY EVEN'G, FEB. 3, 1888.

THE SOLONS AT FRANKFORT.

Items of Interest Gleaned From the Proceedings of the Legislature.

Notes and Comments.

In response to a resolution from the Senate, the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund stated that they "believed" the bond given by the Mason Hoge Company, lessees of the penitentiary, was good for \$1,000,000. The response, with a new resolution of inquiry, was returned to the Commissioners.

The Senate has passed a bill amending chapter 12, General Statutes, providing against more than one change of venue in Justices' Courts. Also a bill increasing pay of County Clerks for copying Assessors' books from two cents to four cents a line.

Senator Wallace has introduced a bill to increase the fees of the Jailers of this State for keeping and dieting prisoners from fifty cents per day to sixty cents per day.

The House has passed a bill amending the charter of the City of Maysville, conferring certain powers on its Board of Council.

A bill to authorize the Charleston, Cincinnati & Chicago Railroad to build a bridge across the Ohio river at Ashland is pending.

Mr. Blakey, of Logan, introduced a joint resolution which proposes to stop the proposed investigation of Judge Cole and Rowan County. This resolution is pending.

The State Treasurer reported that his annual salary and fees amounted to \$3,200.

The Senate has passed the bill to amend the charter of the Mayslick and Mill Creek Turnpike Company.

The proposed investigation of Rowan County affairs has been postponed till the 8th of this month.

CONGRESSMAN GEORGE M. THOMAS has filed in the House the petition of S. B. Patterson, of Bracken County, for the reference of his claim against the Government to the Committee on War Claims. He has also introduced bills for the relief of William Hyden and George W. Everman, which were referred to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

MASON COUNTY SCHOOLS.

Notes and Comments by Superintendent Galbraith on the Teachers, Pupils and Buildings.

NO. 22—MT. GILEAD.

Pupils on census report, 77; number on roll, 50; average attendance, 35.

The house is a new frame, well furnished with patent seats, and when some changes have been made in the windows and the platform, will be very comfortable and pleasant.

The trustees, S. A. Brazel, H. C. Stone and Lucien Goodman, have visited the school; and of the patrons, J. Wallingford, Mrs. S. Hopper and John Howard have visited the school.

This school is taught Rev. T. T. Dobyns, and this is his second term at this place. He uses written work in many of his classes, and gives special attention to the development of character. Here we need greatest stress in speaking of school work. The teacher should keep in mind that his work is the formation of character—the development of a well rounded manhood and womanhood in his pupils. This is infinitely more important than mere knowledge. Mr. Dobyns' classes did very well indeed in their work while I was present in the school. There is, unquestionably, increased interest and progress in this district.

NO. 22—WEST LIBERTY.

Pupils on census report, 1; number on roll, 48; average attendance, 30.

The trustees, Able Rees, Henry Craycraft and William Robinson, have attended very promptly to the needs of the school. Of the patrons, Thomas Robinson and B. F. Hawkins have visited the school. There is good interest manifested.

Miss Emma Lee Stoker is teaching this school. She is a very energetic and systematic teacher. She writes: "I have all of the pupils write impromptu essays once a week. I select the subject and question them before they write, when there is any difficulty. I often show them a picture and require a written description of it."

These exercises may also be varied by reading a short story or anecdote to the school and requiring its reproduction by the pupils. Try this exercise in your school and I doubt not you can report with Miss Stoker that "My pupils have taken a decided interest in these studies, and have advanced very nicely."

The house and furniture are good and comfortable, everything presenting a cheerful and hopeful appearance.

The Suddenly Rich.

I wonder what people do with "windfalls." They are always happening. In a single newspaper of this week's date there are recorded no less than three of them. A workman suddenly becomes possessed of £100,000, a private soldier of £40,000, a pauper in a workhouse of several thousand pounds. How the question, "What shall I do with it?" must press upon their attention. My own impression is, that in cases where the very poor people become suddenly very rich, they do not experience so much difficulty in spending their money as persons of moderate means who have become millionaires; because it is generally spent for them. They are instantly translated to another sphere, and fall into the hands of more or less interested advisers.—James Payn.

New York's Posts and Poles.

There is a variety of posts and poles in New York streets. There are lamp posts, jewelers' posts surmounted with clocks, fire department poles, Western Union telegraph poles, electric light poles and poles for the electric light wires, barbers' poles and police signal box poles. All that is wanting now to complete the equipment of our streets is the North pole, and then the average New Yorker ought to be satisfied.—New York Tribune.

Improved on Pasteur's Methods.

Pasteur's method of inoculation has been simplified by a Hungarian physician. Instead of taking the spinal cord of an infected rabbit and attenuating its poison by drying, Dr. Hogyes takes the spinal cord, rubs it up with water containing chloride of sodium, of which a solution of any strength can be made. The dog is then immersed in this solution, and after five or six immersions in the bath secures complete immunity from rabies.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Venison for New York.

The New York market is supplied with venison mainly from the Susquehanna ranges or the Adirondacks. Of course carcasses of deer come also from New Hampshire and the wilds of New Jersey, and even the forests of Virginia furnish their quota. In selecting your venison for the table avoid the antlered carcasses of old bucks and prefer the smaller and more delicate yearling or young doe.—New York Press.

Mississippi's Agricultural College.

The farm of the Mississippi Agricultural college not only pays expenses, but is a source of revenue. What is more, the land is constantly improving. The farm was an old cotton plantation that had been devoted to raising one crop so long that it had become practically unproductive. By adopting a system of rotation, keeping dairy cows, and plowing under green crops, the land has become very productive.—Chicago Times.

A Fatal Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—Wannamaker & Brown's large clothing factory on Sixth and Market streets, caught fire this morning. The flames were subdued with great difficulty. The fire caught in the pantaloons room which is a total loss. Fireman Robert Kilen was overcome by the smoke and was discovered dead in a water-closet. He was suffocated. Loss about \$30,000 and 3,000 people are thrown out of work.

Coasters Injured.

MOUNT VERNON, O., Feb. 3.—A bob-sled containing six youths who were coasting on Mulberry street, collided with a coal wagon, injuring the entire lot. Willie McIntyre had a hole made through his cheek, his brother Henry had an arm broken and James Flanagan suffered a four inch gash across his forehead. The others were badly bruised.

Liquors Seized by Wholesale.

DES MOINES, Feb. 3.—Under a decision of Judge Given that permits to sell liquor for legal purposes can be used only by persons to whom issued, the stock of every wholesale liquor firm in the city has been seized. Each firm does business under company title, and the judge's ruling forbids such latitude.

They Could Not Swim.

COSHOCOTON, O., Feb. 3.—George Earnest, a farmer of Tiverton township, this county, during the recent cold weather housed nineteen head of fine sheep in the cellar of an old dwelling. The rain came, and, added to the melted snow, filled the cellar with water, and the entire flock were drowned.

Anarchism Denounced.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—At a meeting of the Chicago Turn-Germende last night resolutions denouncing Anarchism were adopted, and a resolution favoring the immigration of laboring classes from other countries and opposing the importation of paupers and criminals, were discussed.

Zinc Diggers at Work.

GALENA, Ill., Feb. 3.—The Peru zinc diggings, one of the most extensive mines of the kind in the west, which was closed a year ago on account of the low price of zinc ore, is to be operated again by the owners—the Peru Mining company, of La Salle. This will give employment to 125 men.

New Bridge Open to Public.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa, Feb. 3.—The Union Pacific railway bridge across the Missouri river, between this city and Omaha, was opened to-day to general public travel. The bridge has been in course of construction for two years and cost over \$4,000,000.

Prominent Baltimore Lawyer Dead.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 3.—Francis Miller, one of the most prominent lawyers in this state, died this morning at his home in Sandy Springs, Montgomery county. Mr. Miller was the Republican candidate for attorney general last fall.

Oil Well Fire at Tiffin, Ohio.

TIFFIN, O., Feb. 3.—Oil Well No. 2, owned by Congressman Seney, burned this morning at 3 o'clock, destroying the derrick, 1,000 barrels tankage and 500 barrels of oil. Supposed to be the work of incendiary. Loss, \$3,000; no insurance.

Female Swindler Arrested.

LANCASTER, Pa., Feb. 3.—Mrs. Hendricks, the Philadelphia brokeress, who is said to have swindled customers there out of \$100,000, has been arrested at Middletown and held under bonds to appear for examination at Philadelphia.

A \$4,000,000 Failure.

GUELPH, Ont., Feb. 3.—The Cullen bank has suspended. It is a complete wreck. All the assets in sight are mortgaged. The depositors and creditors get nothing. Liabilities, \$4,000,000; assets, \$250,000.

Notices—I. O. O. F.

The members of DeKalb Lodge No. 12, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at hall Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother C. W. Bierley, from First Presbyterian Church.

AUSTIN HOLMES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother C. W. Bierley, of DeKalb Lodge, from First Presbyterian Church.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of DeKalb Lodge No. 12, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

AUSTIN HOLMES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, of DeKalb Lodge, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members of Ringgold Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., are invited to meet at hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock promptly to attend the funeral of Brother John Heiser, from his late residence.

WM. REEVES, N. G.

The members

THE FINEST IN THE LAND! W. H. MEANS' \$3.00 SHOES, AT HONAN'S; TRY A PAIR

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & McCARTHY.

Proprietors.

FRIDAY EVEN'G, FEB. 3, 1888.

INDICATIONS: "Warmer, fair weather."

You can get groceries as cheap at Hancock's as any place in the city.

AMERICAN peas, better and cheaper than imported, at G. W. Geisel's. dtf

Good peas, 12c.; fancy, 16c.; extra tomatoes, 10c.; honey corn, 15c.—Calhoun's.

OLD-TIME sugar-house and fancy new crop of molasses cheap, at G. W. Geisel's.

Deputy Sheriff John W. Alexander has returned from a trip to Lexington and Frankfort.

T. F. KIFF has established a Sons of Temperance lodge at Minerva with thirty-five members.

THOMAS A. DAVIS has gone to Bell County, this State, to help "boom" the thriving little village of Pineville.

MEAL LEACH, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Shultz Leach, has accepted a position with Brower & Co., of Lexington.

PAT RONNEY and company at opera house-to-night. Doors open at 7:30 o'clock, performance begins at 8:30 o'clock.

LEWIS M. McCARTHY was at Washington, D. C., this week. The BULLETIN is indebted to him for a copy of the Daily Star, of that city.

THOMAS JAMES, who has been ill several days with erysipelas, was not so well yesterday, and there was no improvement in his condition this morning.

W. LARUE THOMAS, one of the most prominent Knights Templar in the State, has arrived in this city and will spend some time here. His family is with him.

At Grange City, Fleming County, a few days ago, Willis Hayden, a school teacher, dropped dead in the presence of his pupils. Death is attributed to heart disease.

THE negro Joe Doyle, in jail on charge of horse stealing, is recovering from the wounds. He has been in a critical condition, but Dr. Browning, jail physician, thinks he will get well.

It is thought arrangements will be closed in New York to-day, to take the C. & O. Railroad out of the Receiver's hands. In case this is done, M. E. Ingalls, of Cincinnati, is to be made President.

MR. T. L. PEGGS and Miss Mary E. Shelton were married yesterday at the County Clerk's office by Judge Coons. The couple are citizens of Mason County, their parents residing in Maysville precinct No. 2.

THERE were six deaths at Owingsville Tuesday night and Wednesday morning. Marcus Peters and Michael Carpenter died of old age, and Dr. J. S. McMillen, Alvin Cassity, Mrs. John Steel and Mrs. Thomas Steel, of pneumonia.

THE "Equitable" is the largest, strongest and most prosperous Mutual Life Insurance Company in the world, and its record for prompt, good faith in all its dealings with its policyholders is of the highest character. Joseph F. Brodrick, agent.

THE dance given at Neptune Hall last evening by the Ancient Order of Hibernians was an enjoyable affair. The hall was crowded with lads and lassies and dancing was indulged in till a late hour. Many guests from a distance were present.

We are asked to say that there were no guests at the Foster-Greenwood nuptials outside of the immediate relatives of the parties. The statement yesterday in this paper that parties from Covington were in attendance was not correct, except as to Miss Foster.

MR. J. M. BROWN, of Nicholasville, Ky., and Miss Linnie D. Ray, of this county, were married at noon yesterday at the Central Hotel. Rev. Z. T. Cody, of Mayslick, tied the nuptial knot. After the ceremony the couple left on the train for the home of the groom.

HUGH McCOLLOUGH, a worthy young man twenty-one years of age, died at his home in Covington, Ky., a few days ago, after an illness of some time from neuralgia of the stomach.

He was a former resident of this city. The remains were brought here last night and the burial will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence of Miss Ann McCullough, on Third street.

Maysville Canton No. 2.

All members are asked to meet at hall at 1 o'clock Saturday and Sunday afternoons, to attend the funeral services of Brothers C. W. Bierley and John Heiser.

JACOB MILLER, Captain.

MEETING OF COUNCIL.

Complaints Against the Water Company to Be Investigated—Committee Appointed to Revise City Charter.

A Cow Ordinance Passed—Reports Filed—Claims and Accounts Allowed and Other Business Transacted.

The City Council met in regular monthly session last evening, President Poyntz in the chair and all the members in attendance, except Mr. Ficklin, who was absent on account of sickness.

Minutes of last meetings were read and adopted.

The various city officers presented their monthly reports, which were approved. The following is a summary:

MAYOR'S REPORT.

Criminal cases tried.....	33
Fines assessed.....	\$154.00
Fines paid.....	72.00
Fines replevied.....	12.00
Fines worked out.....	32.00
Fines being worked.....	88.00

MARSHAL'S REPORT.

Fines collected.....	\$72.00
Old bonds collected.....	8.00

Total.....\$80.00

WHARFMASTER'S REPORT.

Total wharfage collected.....	\$117.15
Less commission.....	11.70

Total wharfage.....\$105.45

TREASURER'S REPORT.

General Fund.

Cash in bank, on hand and in sinking fund.....	\$277.60
--	----------

Receipts from various sources.....	6513.55
------------------------------------	---------

Total.....	\$6591.15
------------	-----------

Expenditures.

Commissions and salaries.....	\$845.20
-------------------------------	----------

Expenses.....	2508.38
---------------	---------

Alms and almshouse.....	240.88
-------------------------	--------

Total.....	\$3504.35
------------	-----------

White School Fund.

Cash in bank, on hand and in sinking fund.....	\$178.66
--	----------

Receipts from various sources.....	1176.85
------------------------------------	---------

Total.....	\$1355.51
------------	-----------

Expenditures.

Salaries.....	\$625.00
---------------	----------

Expenses.....	102.34
---------------	--------

Paid colored fund.....	11.86
------------------------	-------

Total.....	\$740.20
------------	----------

Balance on hand.....	\$615.31
----------------------	----------

Colored School Fund.

Cash on hand, &c.....	\$106.35
-----------------------	----------

Receipts from various sources.....	334.42
------------------------------------	--------

Total.....	\$440.77
------------	----------

Expenditures.

Salaries.....	\$110.00
---------------	----------

Expenses.....	59.71
---------------	-------

Total.....	\$269.76
------------	----------

Balance on hand, &c.....	\$271.06
--------------------------	----------

C. M. Phister qualified as wharfmaster with N. Cooper and Omar Dodson sureties.

The following claims and accounts were allowed and ordered paid:

ALMS AND ALMS HOUSE.

Mr. Jacob Miller, boarding 6 persons 4 weeks.....	\$ 54.00
---	----------

St. Elizabeth Hospital, boarding 2 persons 13 weeks.....	52.00
--	-------

G. A. McCarthy, groceries.....	1.00
--------------------------------	------

Shannon, Maley, groceries.....	2.00
--------------------------------	------

E. P. McClanahan, groceries.....	4.00
----------------------------------	------

G. H. Knoblock, groceries.....	1.25
--------------------------------	------

G. W. Geisel, groceries.....	4.50
------------------------------	------

J. H. Peeler, shoes.....	5.25
--------------------------	------

C. C. Calhoun, groceries.....	2.00
-------------------------------	------

Wm. Wormald, coal.....	51.44
------------------------	-------

C. M. Phister, passage for Carroll family.....	5.00
--	------

Thos. Blanchard, groceries.....	6.00
---------------------------------	------

Total.....	\$69.44
------------	---------

STATION HOUSE.

James Heflin, feeding prisoners.....	\$ 75.18
--------------------------------------	----------

W. C. Shackford, sundries.....	6.75
--------------------------------	------

Wm. Wormald, coal.....	25.37
------------------------	-------

Total.....	\$110.25
------------	----------

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

J. Brophy and others, work on streets.....	\$ 23.98
--	----------

Thos. Donovan, cleaning gutters &c.....	1.50
---	------

O. Dodson, cement.....	6.95
------------------------	------

John O'Donnell, breaking rock.....	8.88
------------------------------------	------

F. M. Alexander, breaking rock.....	7.50
-------------------------------------	------

Chas. McAuliffe, breaking rock.....	2.00
-------------------------------------	------

Jas. Fitzsimmons, breaking rock.....	50
--------------------------------------	----

Wm. Wormald, (order) breaking rock.....	5.00
---	------

W. B. Stockdale, 9 days work.....	18.50
-----------------------------------	-------

Total.....	\$ 69.20
------------	----------

GAS ACCOUNT.

Citizen's Gas Light Co.....	\$239.15
-----------------------------	----------

MISCELLANEOUS.

Amazon Fire Co., hose section couplings &c.....	\$ 38.05
---	----------

C. D. Otten, repairing lock.....	75
----------------------------------	----

H. Taylor, ink.....	140
---------------------	-----

Citizen's Coal Co.....	99
------------------------	----

Hawthorne Hill, printing.....	2.25
-------------------------------	------

G. W. Oldham, printing.....	23.00
-----------------------------	-------

Total.....	\$ 65.85
------------	----------

Grand total.....	\$653.89
------------------	----------

The Committee on Claims and Accounts filed a report of their settlement with the city officers for year 1887, and same was received. The books and accounts of the various officers had been examined and found correct. Orders had been drawn for the amount due the officers as follows:

Due Mayor Pearce from costs worked out, \$451.10.

Due Marshal Heflin from costs worked out and commissions on fines, bonds, and taxes, \$203.94.

Due Deputy Marshal Dawson from similar services, \$269.98.

Due Deputy Marshal Guillfoyle from similar services, \$168.95.

Due City Attorney Newell, from costs worked out, \$27.10.

The committee reported that the Treasurer had paid the past year bonds, notes and coupons amounting to \$20,910; the net reduction of the city debt during year being \$12,800. The bonds, notes, coupons &c., paid were examined by Messrs. Chenoweth and Thomas and destroyed.

Mr. C. L. Sallee appeared for Mr. Ferguson, an agent of the Kentucky State Lottery. The company wanted to carry

on business in this city, but Mr. Ferguson was not willing to pay the license of \$1,000 a year. A motion was made to suspend the rules and pass an ordinance reducing the license to \$

ANTI-SOCIALIST EDICTS.

THE EFFECTS THEY WILL HAVE IN GERMANY.

They Will Further Madden Enemies of Tyranny and Increase the Number of Moderates—The Pope Advises the Irish to Make Peace With England—Foreign.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The new anti-Socialist edicts to be published in Germany will have at least one effect, that of still further exasperating the pronounced enemies of tyranny and strengthening the growing number of moderates in the reichstag. The red spectre that enhances the chancellor's insomnia is not of a quality to be quelled by repressive statute, even if they are to be such as the Cologne Gazette indicates.

That journal, in an article evidently inspired, says that neither fiefs nor terms of imprisonment seem to terrify the Socialists, deter them from preaching their doctrines, nor forbid their progress. A pitiless and indiscriminate exile should be tried. "Throw out of the country," it says, "all who sow the seed of these damnable doctrines, all who are known to be Socialists, all who are suspected of being such."

The question may strain beyond tenuity the ties which bind together the countries composing the German empire. The police of Berlin and other cities of Prussia disperse vigorously all assemblages which seem even suspicious, but in the adjacent territories discussion is less restrained. Bavaria and Wurttemberg are outspoken in favor of free speech and against the scheme of banishment; in Saxony Herr Bebel and other influential statesmen have used language that must have made Bismarck's ear tingle and a popular deputy of Nuremberg in the course of his remarks proclaimed the truism that persons might be banished, but a cause that controls a million of votes cannot be exiled.

In Bavaria the constitution assures to all citizens the right to reside in the districts where they were born, and an amendment can only be effected by a two-thirds vote, which would be very difficult to obtain. Liberal leaders there have called attention besides, to the fact that the policy of repression has done nothing toward decreasing the number of Socialistic votes, but that on the contrary measures of reign have caused a prompt reaction.

If Bismarck succeeds in driving the Freie-Stag to obey his will he may postpone the evil day, but the Socialists have an ally in the crushing imports that grind down the German workman and peasant, who see the greater portion of the revenue of the country expending in maintaining a condition of things that is neither war nor peace.

In Berlin the Socialist vote, which was over fifty-six thousand in 1878, declined on account of the natural indignation aroused by the attempt of Nobiling against the life of the emperor, and the laws issued on account of the murderous attack to about thirty thousand in 1881. The ranks have since been filled up until last year in the city the Socialist candidates received over ninety-four thousand votes, and in the empire their supporters numbered nearly a million, having almost doubled since 1877.

The stagnation of trade in Berlin is exciting the most serious apprehension and the authorities might be glad to get rid of many obnoxious and useless persons, but surrounding countries will not welcome the refuse of the city by the Spree.

Sixty-three Round Fight.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Monk, of Birmingham, and Donovan, of Bermondsey, fought last night at Newmarket, a sixty-three round prize fight, Marquis of Queensbury rules for the featherweight championship of England. Donovan was fourteen pounds heavier than Monk. The former obtained the lead at first and kept it. In the sixty-third round Monk was unable to face Donovan owing to an injury he had received in the leg and the fight was given to Donovan. The time of the fight was three hours and twenty-five minutes.

The Pope Don't Favor Home Rule.

ROME, Feb. 3.—The pope received a party of Irish pilgrims yesterday and advised the people of the Emerald Isle to make peace with England. This intimation of the pope's attitude towards Home Rule has excited great interest in Rome, and will in Ireland when it becomes fully known. If the pope attempts to array the Irish clergy against the Home Rule agitation there will be vigorous resistance by priests and people.

Evicted Tenants to be Reinstated.

DUBLIN, Feb. 3.—The tenantry on the Countess of Kington's estate at Mitchelstown, where numerous evictions took place last autumn, have announced their satisfaction regarding the recent reductions in rent granted them, and will accept the terms. They receive 20 per cent. reduction and the landlord pays the costs and the evicted tenants will be reinstated in their old holdings.

Austria After More Guns.

VIENNA, Feb. 3.—Emperor Francis Joseph had a private confab with the Krupps, and it is supposed that the latter got some fat orders for artillery to mow down the Russians.

Earthquake Shock in Scotland.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—A sharp shock of earthquake was felt in Scotland to-day. No serious damage is reported to have been the result.

The Chesapeake & Ohio.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The conference is now being held between President Ingalls, of the Big Four road and C. P. Huntington. It is said they are arranging to take the Chesapeake & Ohio out of the hands of the receiver, and as soon as that is accomplished, Ingalls will be made president of the Chesapeake & Ohio.

Two Earthquake Shocks.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 3.—Two distinct earthquake shocks are reported to have been felt at Riverside, a suburb of Paterson, at about 11 o'clock last night. The first lasted a half a minute and there was a cessation of the vibration for five minutes when the second began.

Catholic Church Burned.

WINFIELD, L. I., Feb. 3.—The Catholic church, priest's house adjoining and the Parish school at the rear of the house, and another building near by were burned this morning. Loss \$30,000; partially insured.

More Smallpox.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—The steamship Belge, from Chinese ports, arrived here today. She had four cases of smallpox on board and was quarantined by the health officer.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Terse and Spicy Manner.

A lockout is threatened in the Kanawha coal regions.

William Coble was killed by a bursting boiler at Fairfield, Ill.

Cattle on Staten Island are being decimated by pleuro-pneumonia.

Fire on the wharf at Charleston, S. C., destroyed \$100,000 worth of cotton.

Indianapolis calls for manual training to be added to its public school menu.

Coke workers in convention at New Haven, Pa., decided not to form National union.

Speaker Carlisle will resume his work in congress to-day, having fully recuperated.

Representatives of the Pittsburg and Hocking valley coal districts can't agree on false rates.

Frank Hawkins, of Lebanon, O., went on a spree and fell into the water. The water killed him.

President Cleveland may attend the Sub-Tropical exposition at Jacksonville, Fla., February 22.

Marion Browning shot and instantly killed Louis Shanks near Owensboro, Ky. Both farmers and had quarreled.

Mrs. Hendricks, the famous "Woman's bank" swindler of Philadelphia, has been arrested at Middlebury, N. Y.

Kentucky legislature has passed a bill appropriating \$6,000 to rebuild Monroe county's public buildings, cremated by robbers.

Webber family of Columbian county, Ohio, will go to law over the possession of \$70,000,000 worth of property in New York city.

That snide insurance scheme called the "wheel," cobbled up by William Squires, Middletown, O., shoemaker, makes its members tired.

Robert Barnett, opulent Pittsburg plumber, has been arrested as accessory to a bunko job whereby William Murdoch, old and wealthy orist, lost \$10,000.

Isabella Blanche Singer, a daughter of Isaac Singer, the sewing machine man, is soon to become the Duchess Decazes. Miss Singer is worth \$2,000,000.

The three children of Israel Lucas, of Wapakoneta, O., ex-treasurer, aged from six to eight years, have skipped to Canada to join their abounding parent.

Wilson Haydon, Grange City, Ky., school master, recently attempted to instill an idea clear through the heads of a class of Blue Grass pupils and dropped dead in the attempt.

Mr. and Mrs. Brenner, two daughters and a son are strangely missing from their farm near Aurora, Mo. Brenner recently got \$7,000 from Holland, and kept it in the house to tempt murderers.

Prominent Democratic congressmen ate hot sausage and tried to agree on tariff legislation at the residence of Senator Gorman last night. They talked until 1 a. m. and then went home to snore over it.

Claude Smith, of Scottsburg, Ind., is the latest gay deceiver, and Ruth Whitelatch, the love-lorn maid, requires him to pay for every line of those tender epistles written to her at the regular advertising rates.

Representative Butterworth has introduced a bill in congress to regulate the traffic in lard to compel the makers of compounds not strictly pure to brand their products as "lardine compounds" to distinguish it from pure lard.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Indications—Slightly warmer, fair weather; light east to south winds.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for Feb. 2.

NEW YORK—Money 3 per cent. Exchange steady. Governments steady.

Currency sizes, 120 bid; four coupons, 128½; four-and-a-half, 107½.

The stock market opened dull but firm, and in a limited buying, prices improved 3½ to 4 per cent. during the first half hour. Subsequently, there was a slight drive made at some of the leaders and the improvement was lost by 11 o'clock. The market has since been dull and neglected, except for Manhattan, which is extremely weak and has declined 3 points.

Bur. & Quincy...1284 Mich. Cent....\$3 Central Pacific...120 Missouri Pacific...55½ C. C. & I....52 N. Y. Central...107½ Del. & Hudson...1114 Northwestern...119½ Del. Lac. & W....1324 do preferred...144 Illinois Cent....121 Ohio & Miss....224 Kan. & Texas....11 Pacific Mail....36½ Lake Shore....60½ St. Paul....76½ Louisville & Nash...60½ Western Union....75½

Cincinnati.

FLOUR—Fancy, \$3 85@40¢; family, \$3 40@

WHEAT—No. 3 red, 54¢; No. 2, 57@57½c.

CORN—No. 3 mixed, 51½c; No. 2 mixed, 46c.

OATS—No. 3 mixed, 32@33½c; No. 2 mixed, 31½c.

PORK—Family, \$15 15@12½¢; regular,

\$12 15@11½¢.

LARD—Kettle, \$1 60@83½c.

POULTRY—Common chickens, \$2 75@3 00

per dozen; fair to prime \$3 25@3 50.

WOOL—Unwashed fine merino, 17@18c; one-fourth blood combing, 23@24c; medium delaine and clothing, 23@25c; braid, 18@19c; medium combing, 26@27c; fleece washed fine merino, X and XX, 26@27c; medium clothing, 28@30c; fine fleece, 30@32c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$14 50@25 00; No. 2, 13 00@14 00; mixed, \$10 00@11 50; prairie, \$9 00

mixed; wheat, oats and rye straw, \$5 50@6 00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$3 25@

4½ lb.; fair, \$2 25@3 00; common, \$1 25@2 00;

stockers and feeders, \$2 25@3 05; yearlings and calves, \$2 00@2 30.

HOGS—Select butchers, \$5 00@5 65; fair to good packing, \$5 25@6 00; fair to good light, \$4 00@4 50; common, \$4 00@4 70; culs, \$3 00@3 50.

SHEEPS—Common to fair, \$2 50@3 00; good to choice, \$4 25@4 50; common to fair, \$3 25@3 75; good to choice, \$3 00@3 50.

Buffalo Live Stock.

CATTLE—Quiet; common to fair, \$3 50@

25; good to choice shipping, \$4 35@5 00

extra steers, \$5 25@5 50; stockers and feeders, \$2 75@3 25; veals, \$3 00@3 75; receipts, 1,200 lbs.

HOGS—Market quiet; light, \$5 00@5 15;

mixed and Yorkers, \$5 75@6 50; good to choice heavy, \$5 80@

5 90; receipts, 6,000 head.

SHEEP—Quiet; medium to good, \$5 00@

5 40; choice to extra, \$4 75@5 60.

LAMBS—Steady; ordinary to choice west-

ern, \$5 75@6 25; extra, \$6 40.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Dull; prime to extra, \$4 75@5 00;

fair to good, \$4 25@4 50; common, \$3 50@4 00;

extra steers, \$5 50@5 80; Yorkers, \$4 40@4 75;

common to fair, \$3 50@3 75; pigs, \$4 75@5 00.

SHEEP—Fair; prime, \$5 00@5 25; fair to good weight, \$4 00@4 25; common, \$3 50@3 75; lambs, \$4 00@4 25; receipts, 6,000; shipments, 1,400.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 state red, 53@54½c; No. 2 red, 50@51½c; Mixed, 6½c; March, 60½c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 43@44½c; No. 2, 41½c.

CATTLE—\$2 50@5 00; per 100 pounds live weight.

HOGS—\$4 50@5 05 per 100 pounds.

Earthquake Shock in Scotland.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—A sharp shock of earth-

quake was felt in Scotland to-day. No serious damage is reported to have been the re-

sult.

The Chesapeake & Ohio.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The conference is now being held between President Ingalls, of the Big Four road and C. P. Huntington. It is said they are arranging to take the Chesapeake & Ohio out of the hands of the receiver, and as soon as that is accomplished, Ingalls will be made president of the Chesapeake & Ohio.

Two Earthquake Shocks.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 3.—Two distinct

earthquake shocks are reported to have been

felt at Riverside, a suburb of Paterson, at about 11 o'clock last night. The first lasted

a half a minute and there was a cessation of

the vibration for five minutes when the

second began.

Catholic Church Burned.

WINFIELD, L. I., Feb. 3.—The Catholic

church, priest's house adjoining and the

Parish school at the rear of the house, and

another building near by were burned this

morning. Loss \$30,000; partially insured.

More Smallpox.